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Spectral and angular analysis of non-linear optical response of soot exposed to femtosecond laser light

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Theoretical background

- Non-linear optics (NLO): Optical response of a medium to light of very high intensity (femtosecond laser)
- Induces the generation of **light with other** wavelengths, polarisations,...
- Second harmonic generation (SHG): Generation of light with half wavelength, quadratically related **intensity**:



Possible NLO effects on aerosols [7]





- and oxidation [2]
- Soot nanoparticles are known to be **dangerous for human health and to promote** climate change [1]
- Numerous diagnostics exist for their macroscopic analysis but **not for their inner** structure (crystalline/amorph/organic)

The aim of the present work is to use non-linear optics to assess new information about black carbon nanoparticles

- SHG related to the centrosymmetry of molecules
- Already applied in **biology** (NLO microscopy), BC particles in liquid suspension, dyes in aerosol phase or **electric fields** [3-6].
- **Combustion intermediates sensing** by femtosecond filament excitation [8]
- Not yet applied and analyzed for BC aerosols

Ξ 1.5-Wavelength(nm) C (2×193 nm) C(2×247.7 nm) > 1.0-C₂ C(3×193 nm) 0.5 CH(2×314 nm) 500 600 Wavelength(nm) Spectrum of flame by laser induced filamentation excitation [8]





Temporal analysis at 0 degrees filtered for 400nm (Photomultiplier tube)

Temporal analysis at 30 degrees filtered for 400nm (Photomultiplier tube)

Spectral analysis at 30 degrees (Spectrometer + ICCD Camera)

- Great care for **not generating SHG through the optics** [9]
- Particles generated with MiniCAST with mainly graphitic (CAST1), organic (CAST3) and amorph (CAST4) compounds as well as organic spherical particles (DEHS) [10,11]

Transmission electron microscope (TEM) images of CAST1, CAST3 and CAST4 nanoparticle structure [11]

CAST 4

Conclusion

- Results show peaks that probably correspond to filamentation induced fluorescence.
- The presence of **aerosol** seems to **influence** the properties of the induced **filaments**.
- Certain peaks seem to be favored in the presence of **amorphous materials**.
- A soot type dependence is visible, but it is still too early to quantitatively associate these signatures with structural properties of the particles.

- Signal is not quadratic for other aerosols

dependance second laser filamentation

Perspectives



New experimental setup proposed to investigate the nature and behaviour of these signals in terms of temporal, spectral and angular response.

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