

UV and THz assisted APT analysis of a silica matrix for bio-particles embedding

Matteo de Tullio, Ivan Blum, Emmanuel Cadel, Laurence Chevalier, Gustav Eriksson, Martin Andersson, Jonathan Houard, Marc Ropitaux, Angela Vella

▶ To cite this version:

Matteo de Tullio, Ivan Blum, Emmanuel Cadel, Laurence Chevalier, Gustav Eriksson, et al.. UV and THz assisted APT analysis of a silica matrix for bio-particles embedding. 18e colloque de la Société Française des Microscopies, Jul 2023, Rouen (France), France. hal-04190588

HAL Id: hal-04190588 https://normandie-univ.hal.science/hal-04190588

Submitted on 29 Aug 2023

HAL is a multi-disciplinary open access archive for the deposit and dissemination of scientific research documents, whether they are published or not. The documents may come from teaching and research institutions in France or abroad, or from public or private research centers.

L'archive ouverte pluridisciplinaire **HAL**, est destinée au dépôt et à la diffusion de documents scientifiques de niveau recherche, publiés ou non, émanant des établissements d'enseignement et de recherche français ou étrangers, des laboratoires publics ou privés.

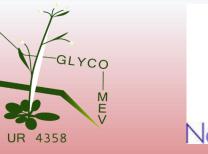




















UV and THz assisted APT analysis of a silica matrix for

bio-particles embedding

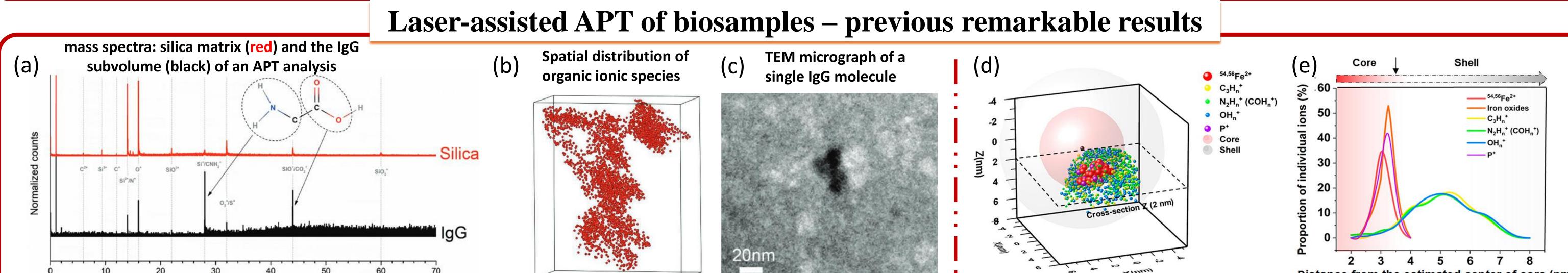
Matteo DE TULLIO 1*, Ivan BLUM¹, Emmanuel CADEL¹, Laurence CHEVALIER¹, Gustav ERIKSSON², Martin ANDERSSON², Jonathan HOUARD¹, Marc ROPITAUX³, Angela VELLA^{1*}.

¹ GPM Laboratory, CNRS UMR 6634, Rouen University, Normandy, France.

² Department of Chemistry and Chemical Engineering - Chalmers University of Technology, Gothenburg 41296, Sweden. ³ Glyco-MEV Laboratory – UR 4358, Université de Rouen Normandie, Rue Lucien Tesnière, Mont-Saint-Aignan, France. * matteo.de-tullio@univ-rouen.fr * angela.vella@univ-rouen.fr

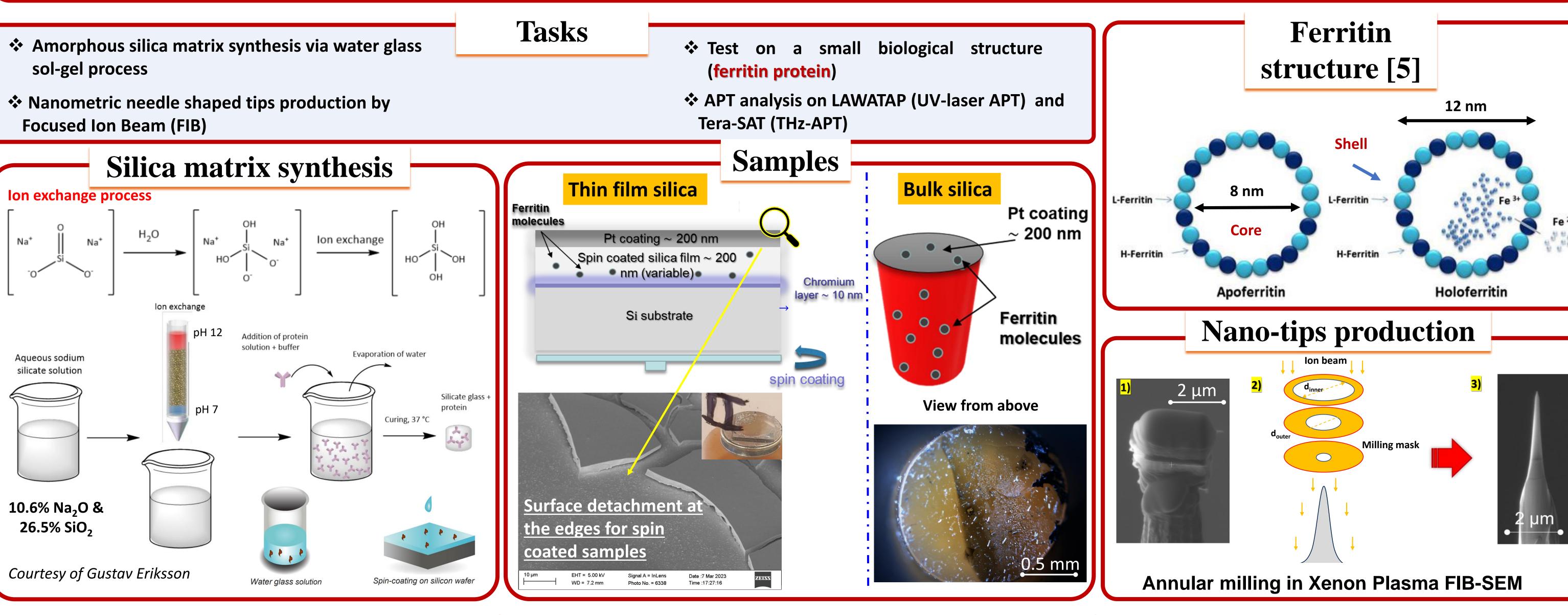
Abstract

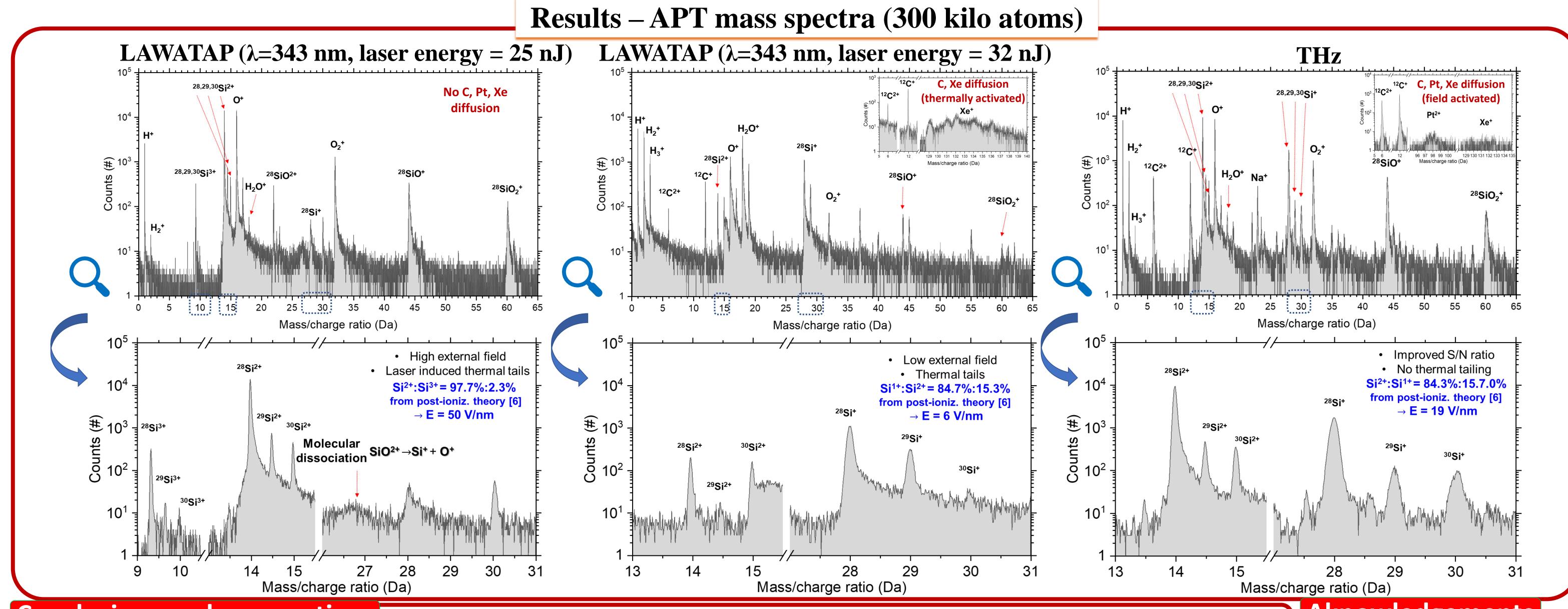
Unravelling the 3D structure and composition of biological macromolecules at nanoscale sheds light on their functions. In such a context, Atom Probe Tomography (APT) is lately arousing interest because it provides a three-dimensional compositional mapping with sub-nanometric resolution, adding high chemical sensitivity throughout the whole periodic table of elements [1]. Recently, it has been shown that biomolecules can be embedded in dielectric materials, such as silica, and analyzed by the laser-assisted APT (La-APT), by combining the actions of a high DC field and an ultrashort laser pulse [2]. In this work, we focus on the APT analysis of amorphous silica matrices embedding ferritin proteins, synthesized via a water glass sol-gel process, with the aim to recreate a viable environment for biomolecules [3]. Three different APT analyses are compared, differing for laser illumination configurations: a La-APT shining UV radiation (LAWATAP) and a Terahertz-assisted APT (Tera-**SAT**), providing a mono-cycle THz high field.



[3] A method for IgG protein encapsulation in an amorphous solid silica matrix, called water glass via sol-gel process, is [4] APT analysis provides the composition and the distribution of iron atoms in described. Dominant amino-acid traces (CNH₂+, CO₂+), are recognizable in IgG mass spectrum (a) and are spatially the core of **ferritin** (d), an iron-storing protein. 54,56Fe²⁺ is densely located at reconstructed by generating an iso-density region with a specific filtering criterion (b). Bright field transmission electron • the inner core, P+ in both the inner core and core/shell interface and iron microscopy (TEM) confirms "Y-shaped" IgG monomers were encapsulated inside the silica matrix (c).

oxides are mostly distributed at the core/shell interface (e).





Conclusions and perspectives

✓ Analysis of silica matrix in laser APT is possible

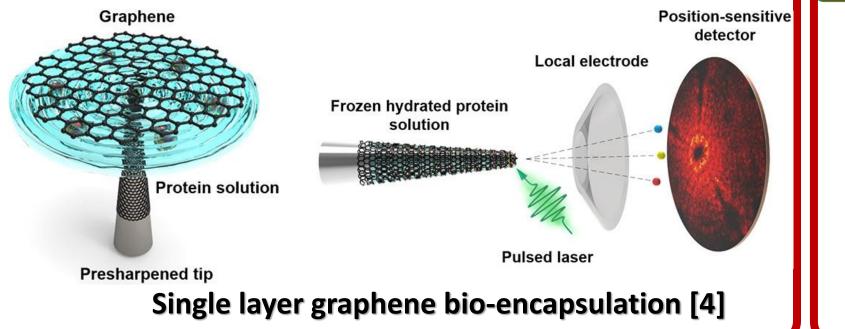
☐ Better results at lower laser energy and high static ☐ Reduction of thermal effects in THz field in UV Good signal-to-noise ratio better signal-to-noise ratio

- Absence of Carbon diffusion
- Difficult protein-related peaks detectability
- ☐ No reliable protein-related atom species quantification
 - overlaps with matrix peaks (ex. ⁵⁶Fe²⁺ and ²⁸Si⁺) Low repetition rate (1 kHz)
- ☐ Small analysis volume in THz setup

(comparable to UV-assisted)

higher field conditions Improve S/N ratio and mass resolution compared to UV

Test THz in



Aknowledgements

This action has received funding from the European Union under grant agreement no 101046651.





[1] B. Gault, et al., Nat Rev Methods Primers, Volume 1, (2021). [2] A. Vella, Ultramicroscopy, Volume 16, (2020). [5] C. Rosário et al., BMC medicine, Volume 11, (2013). [6] David R. Kingham, Surface Science, Volume 116, (1982).