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# Fine-tuning of NHC Copper (I) Complexes bearing Dipyriddyamine Ligands: Application in Photoluminescence and LEC devices.

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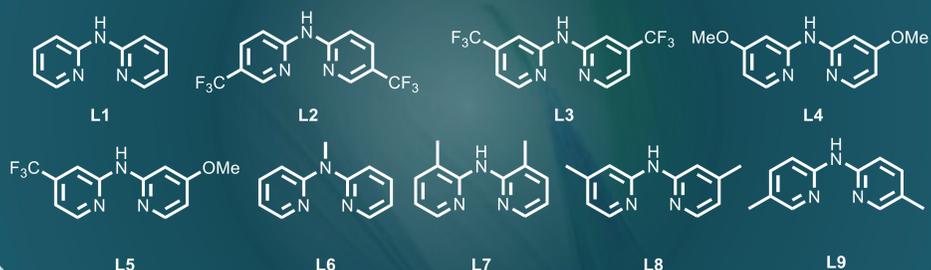
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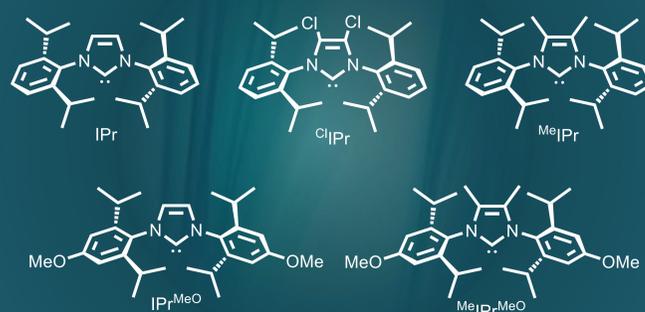
We present the synthesis of new cationic tricoordinated copper complexes bearing bidentate dipyriddyamine (dpa) ligands and NHC as ancillary ligands [Cu(NHC)(dpa)][X]. These copper complexes have been fully characterized by NMR, X-ray analysis, electrochemistry, and photophysics. Theoretical calculations were also undergone to rationalize the assignment of the photophysical properties. Some of these copper complexes exhibit very bright blue emission with high quantum yield at solid state. A variation of the electronic properties on both NHC and dipyriddyamine ligands, has been carried out and permitted to establish a structure – properties relationship, also supported by DFT and TD-DFT calculations. Since emissive cationic organometallic complexes can be good candidates for LEC (Light emitting Electrochemical Cells) applications, we presented here the proof of concept that our copper complexes of general formula [Cu(NHC)(dpa)][X] can be applied for LEC devices.<sup>[1,2]</sup>



## dpa ligands

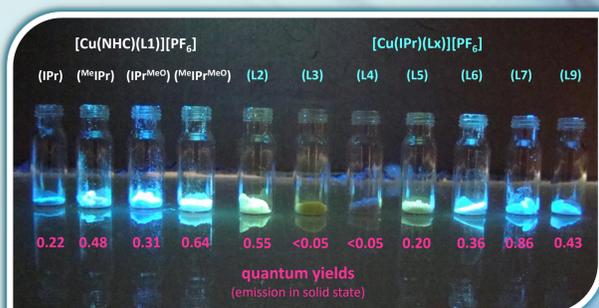


## NHC Ligands



## Photophysical Properties

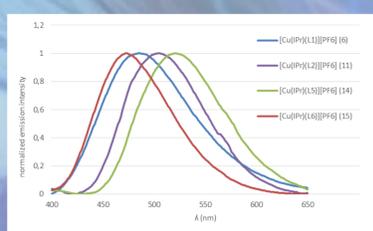
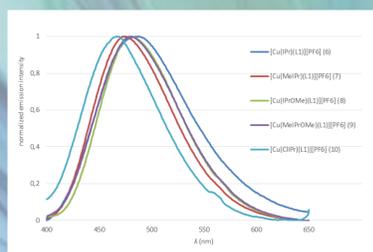
### Copper complexes under UV radiation (366nm)



Tuning on NHC: quantum yields improvement

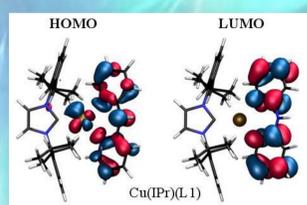
Tuning on dpa: emission wavelength modification

Emission spectra in solid state. Half life time of the excited state between 17 and 51  $\mu$ s.

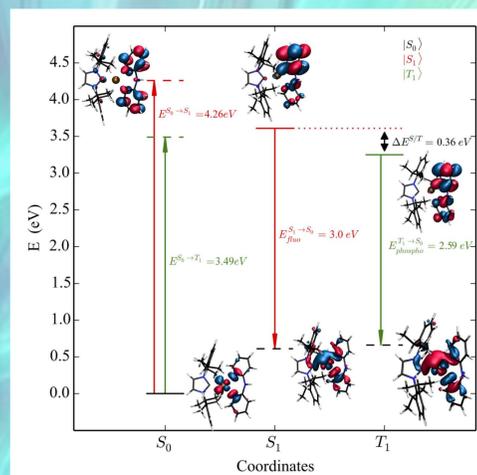


## Theoretical study

### Absorption – Emission Diagram of [Cu(IPr)(L1)]<sup>+</sup>

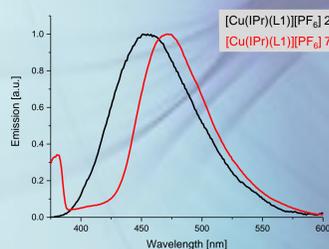


(TD-) DFT calculations ( $\omega$ B97XD)



## Thermally Activated Delayed Fluorescence (TADF)

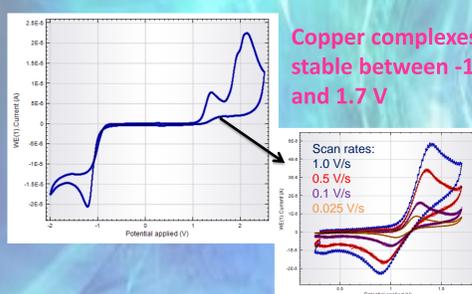
Emission spectra in solid state at 298 K and 77 K



Calculated  $\Delta E^{ST}$

[Cu(IPr)(L1)] <sup>+</sup>	[Cu(MeIPr)(L1)] <sup>+</sup>	[Cu(IPr-MeO)(L1)] <sup>+</sup>	[Cu(MeIPr-MeO)(L1)] <sup>+</sup>	[Cu(ClIPr)(L1)] <sup>+</sup>
0.35	0.24	0.36	0.35	0.29
[Cu(IPr)(L2)] <sup>+</sup>	[Cu(IPr)(L3)] <sup>+</sup>	[Cu(IPr)(L4)] <sup>+</sup>	[Cu(IPr)(L5)] <sup>+</sup>	[Cu(IPr)(L6)] <sup>+</sup>
0.36	0.37	0.12	0.36	0.24

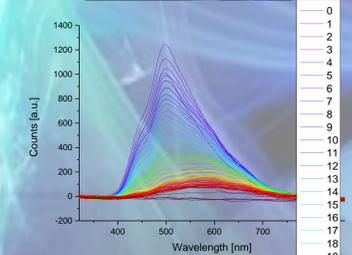
## Redox Properties



Copper complexes are stable between -1.0 V and 1.7 V

Cyclic voltammogram of complex [Cu(IPr)(L1)][PF<sub>6</sub>] in CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> containing 0.1 M NBu<sub>4</sub>PF<sub>6</sub> between -2.0 and 2.5 V. Scan rate = 0.025 V.s<sup>-1</sup>

## Application in LEC devices



## CONCLUSION

- Easy and robust syntheses for [Cu(NHC)(dpa)][X] complexes from [CuCl(NHC)] or [CuOH(NHC)].
- Tuning of the NHC ligand allows a better quantum yields

- Electronic properties of dpa ligand allows fine-tuning on the emission wavelengths (emission between 436 to 550 nm).
- TADF phenomenon assessed by the red-shift of the emission at 77K and TD-DFT calculations.

- Proof of concept for the use of [Cu(NHC)(dpa)][X] for the fabrication of LEC devices.