

## ANRS 12168 - Dynam-O study, comparing the immuno-virological and clinical responses to HAART between HIV-1 group O and group M-infected patients: results at 96 weeks

C. Kouanfack, M Vray, A Kfutwah, A Aghokeng, R Mougnutou, G. Unal, L Le Fouler, L. Schaeffer, N Noumsi, E Alessandri-Gradt, et al.

#### ▶ To cite this version:

C. Kouanfack, M Vray, A Kfutwah, A Aghokeng, R Mougnutou, et al.. ANRS 12168 - Dynam-O study, comparing the immuno-virological and clinical responses to HAART between HIV-1 group O and group M-infected patients: results at 96 weeks. CROI (Conference on Retroviruses and Opportunistic Infections), Feb 2016, Boston, United States. hal-02265828

#### HAL Id: hal-02265828

https://normandie-univ.hal.science/hal-02265828v1

Submitted on 12 Aug 2019

HAL is a multi-disciplinary open access archive for the deposit and dissemination of scientific research documents, whether they are published or not. The documents may come from teaching and research institutions in France or abroad, or from public or private research centers. L'archive ouverte pluridisciplinaire **HAL**, est destinée au dépôt et à la diffusion de documents scientifiques de niveau recherche, publiés ou non, émanant des établissements d'enseignement et de recherche français ou étrangers, des laboratoires publics ou privés.



# ANRS 12168 - DynaM-O study, comparing the immuno-virological and clinical responses to HAART between HIV-1 group O and group M-infected patients: results at 96 weeks

C. Kouanfack<sup>1,2</sup>, M. Vray<sup>3</sup>, A. Kfutwah<sup>4</sup>, A. Aghokeng<sup>2,5</sup>, R. Mougnutou<sup>6</sup>, G. Unal<sup>67</sup>, L. Le Fouler<sup>3</sup>, L. Schaeffer<sup>3</sup>, N. Noumsi<sup>1</sup>, E. Alessandri-Gradt<sup>7</sup>, E. Delaporte<sup>2</sup>, F. Simon<sup>8</sup>, J.-C. Plantier<sup>7</sup>

La Pince, France, Franc

#### **BACKGROUND**

The divergent HIV-1 group O strains (HIV-1/O) are endemic in Cameroon and naturally resistant to NNRTI, largely used as first-line therapy in this country. Alternative therapeutic strategies are thus needed.

#### **OBJECTIVES**

DynaM-O is a prospective open-label study.

The main objective is to compare the immuno-virological response to HAART, including two NRTI and one PI in HIV-1/O and HIV-1 group M (HIV-1/M) infected-naïve patients.

Secondary objectives are to compare the kinetic of viral load responses, the CD4 restoration and the clinical events.

#### PATIENTS AND METHODS

#### **PATIENTS**

All consecutive HIV-1/O naïve patients with treatment initiation criteria were recruited from 2 hospitals Yaoundé and the Center Pasteur of Yaoundé (CPC), and included and followed up between June 2010 and July 2013. HIV-1/O patients were matched with HIV-1/M with a ratio of 1:2 on the basis of sex, age 18-40 and > 40 years, CD4 before initiation >350/mm³ - [350-100]/mm³ - <100/mm³, Hb level <8g/l or >8g/l, and HBV status. HAART Treatment: HIV-1/M and HIV-1/O initiated the same treatment: AZT+3TC+LPV/r, or TDF+3TC+LPV/r for patients with anemia or HBV co-infection.

### **METHODS**

- Primary end point: percentage of patients with an undetectable viral load (VL < 60 cp/mL) at W48.
- Statistical analysis

Primary endpoint analysis: Comparison of proportion of patients with undetectable VL according to the HIV-1 group at W96 with analyses on Intention to Treat Analysis/ITT (Death and Missing=Failure) and Per Protocol/PP. Secondary endpoint analysis: Proportion of patients with a gain of more than 50% of CD4 at W12 and W48 according to the HIV-1 group

#### Pre-Inclusion: 283 patients 49 HIV-O 234 HIV-M 2 Non-Inclusions 140 Non-Inclusions 1 TB / 1 CD4>350/mm Inclusion: 141 patients 47 HIV-O 94 HIV-M 4 Dead 1 Dead 5 LOF 3 LOF W 48 (primary end point): 128 patients 43 HIV-O 85 HIV-M 3 Dead 1 Dead 2 LOF 2 LOF W 96: 119 patients 38 HIV-O 82 HIV-M

Fig.1 Flow Chart

CD4 level (<100/mm<sup>3</sup>, 100-

 $350/mm^3$  or  $>350/mm^3$ ) and

Hb level ( $\leq 8 g/l$  or > 8 g/l)

	Percent of patients with undetectable VL at W96 [95% CI]	P-Vallie I
Per Protocol		
HIV-1/O (n=38)	94.7% [88.8% – 100%]	0,14
HIV-1/M (n=81)	84.1% [77.5% – 90.8%]	
Intention To Treat		
HIV-1/O (n=47)	76.6% [64.4% – 88.7%]	0,79
HIV-1/M (n=94)	73.4% [64.4% – 82.3%]	
* Adjusted on sex, age class  Fig.2 Comparison of patients with  (18-40 years or >40 years)		

undetectable VL depending on the

type of analysis and according to

the HIV-1 group at W96

wer

RESULTS

47 Cameroonian patients HIV-1/O and 94 HIV-1/M were included; results were available for 128 patients (13 died or were lost-to follow-up; *Fig.1*).

At baseline, VL was significantly lower (p< 0.0001) in HIV-1/O with a median at 4.3 log cp/mL vs 5.1 log cp/mL in HIV-1/M.

Median CD4 counts were well balanced between the two groups (227 vs 215, in HIV-1/O and HIV-1/M respectively, p=0.68)

At W96, 94.7 % [88.8 – 100] of HIV-1/O samples were < 60 cp/mL vs 84.1 % [77.5% - 90.8%] of HIV-1/M in per protocol analysis (p=0.14); and no difference was observed at the threshold of 200 cp/mL (97% in both groups; *Fig.2*).

Between treatment initiation and W96, CD4 cells count increase is significantly higher (p=0,04) in the HIV-1/M group than in the HIV-1/O group (+2.0 CD4 per month for the HIV-1/M, compare to HIV-1/O; *Fig. 3*).

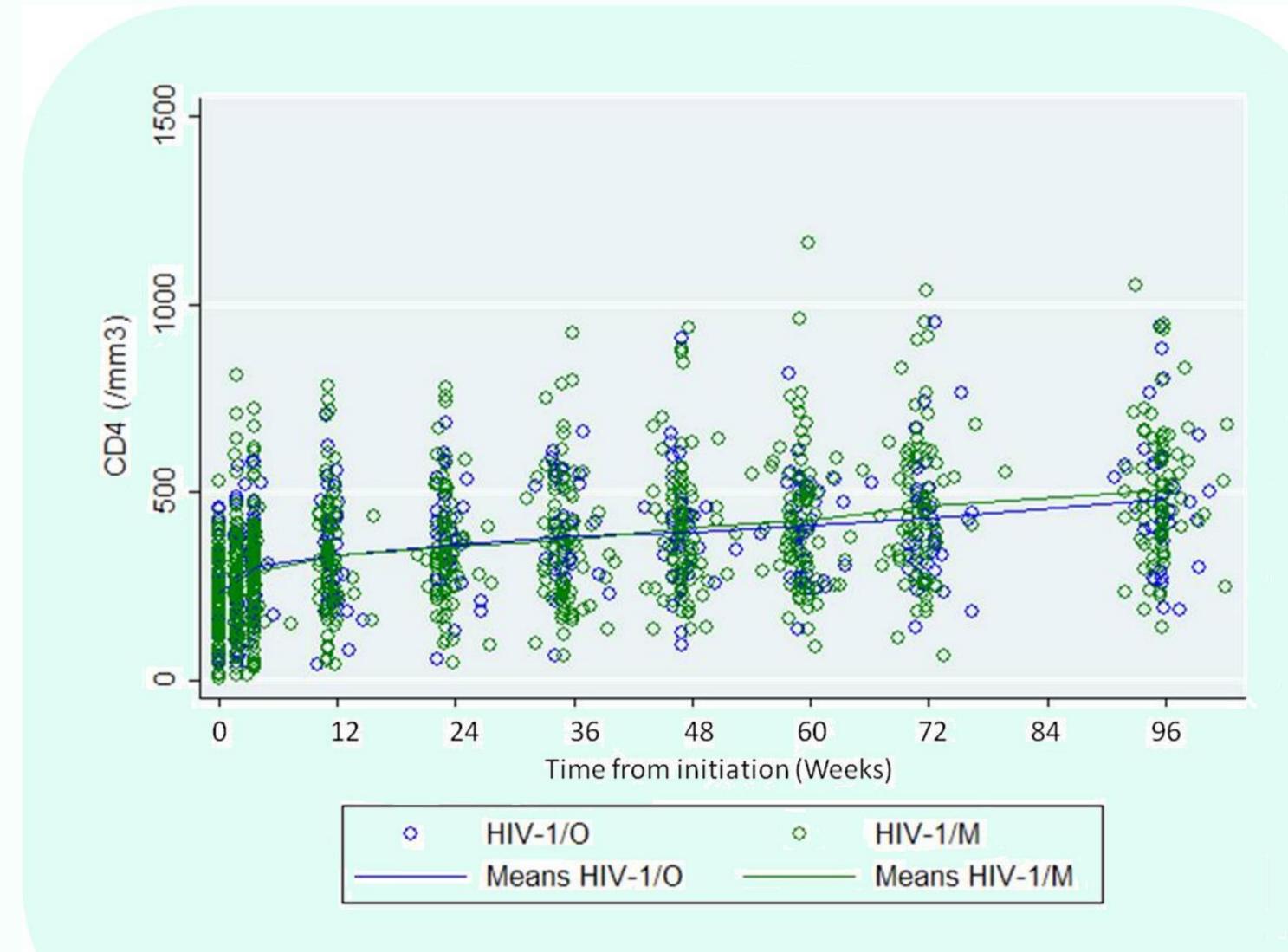


Fig.3 CD4 evolution from inclusion to W96

#### CONCLUSION

DynaM-O is the unique study analyzing the HAART responses in HIV-1/O infected patients compared to HIV-1/M patients. Data at W96 showed good efficacy of the regimens in both groups, but with a higher rate of achievement of the virological response in HIV-1/O infected patients. In contrast, the CD4 restoration was lower in HIV-1/O than that observed for HIV-1/M patients. These data indicate that group O infected patients should be successfully treated by treatment excluding NNRTI. Moreover, studying the mechanisms underlying these differences in response to HAART between these highly divergent HIV-1 strains are of importance in our understanding of the HIV natural history.

## ACKNOWLEDGMENTS



